



KS2 Expectations (Oxfordshire Agreed Syllabus)

Throughout Key Stage 2, pupils explore key questions through conceptual enquiry into Christianity whilst also drawing from Hinduism, Islam and Judaism, as well as non- religious worldviews as appropriate, recognising the impact of religion and belief locally, nationally and globally.

- They make connections between differing aspects of religion and consider the different forms of religious expression. They consider the beliefs, teachings, practices and ways of life central to religion.
- They learn about sacred texts and other sources and consider their meanings.
- They begin to recognise diversity in religion, learning about similarities and differences both within and between religions and beliefs and the importance of dialogue between them.
- They extend the range and use of specialist vocabulary.
- They recognise the challenges involved in distinguishing between ideas of right and wrong, and valuing what is good and true.
- They communicate their ideas, recognising other people's viewpoints.
- They consider their own beliefs and values and those of others in the light of their learning in religious education.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Big Question	Creation & Fall: What do Christians learn from the creation story?	Incarnation: What is the Trinity?	How important is it for Jewish people to do what God asks them to do?	Salvation: Why do Christians call the day that Jesus died "Good Friday"?	How special is the relationship Jews have with God?	Do people need to go to church to show that they are Christians?
Faith	Christianity	Christianity	Judaism	Christianity	Judaism	Christianity
Key Concepts	• The Bible tells a story (in Genesis 3) about how humans spoiled their friendship with	Christians believe God is Trinity: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.	Understand the special relationship between Jews and God and the promises they	Christians see Holy Week as the culmination of Jesus' earthly life, leading to	Understand how celebrating Passover and keeping Kashrut (food laws) help Jews show God	Do religious people lead better lives? Does participating in worship help

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	<p>God (sometimes called 'the Fall').</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This means that humans cannot get close to God without God's help. • The Bible shows that God wants to help people to be close to him — he keeps his relationship with them, gives them guidelines on good ways to live (such as the Ten Commandments), and offers forgiveness even when they keep on falling short. • Christians show that they want to be close to God too, through obedience and worship, which includes saying sorry for falling short. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Christians believe the Father creates; he sends the Son who saves his people; the Son sends the Holy Spirit to his followers. • Jesus, the Son of God, is seen by Christians as revealing what God the Father is like. • Understanding God is challenging; people spend their whole lives learning more and more about God. • Christians believe the Holy Spirit is God's power at work in the world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus. 	<p>make to each other.</p>	<p>his death and resurrection.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The various events of Holy Week, such as the Last Supper, were important in showing the disciples what Jesus came to do. • Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today. • Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection. 	<p>they value their special relationship with Him.</p>	<p>people to feel closer to God and their faith community?</p>
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Visits/Speakers			Visit from a rabbi			
Church Visits	Harvest Service	Christmas Service		Easter Service		

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