

Reading Intent: At Aston and Cote CE Primary we aim to develop children who are confident, fluent readers who enjoy reading and can talk articulately about texts that they come across. We know that reading is a fundamental life-long skill and is a cornerstone to all other learning. Through reading a wide range of high-quality texts across their time at our school, pupils will have a chance to develop culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually. Reading enables children to Grow their Talents both by acquiring new knowledge and building on what they already know.

Substantive Concept/ Strand - Phonics and decoding										
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
National Curriculum Objective	To Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. To read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending. To read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	To apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words. To blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that they have been taught. To respond speedily, giving the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes. To read words containing taught GPCs. To read words containing -s, -es, -ing, -ed and -est endings.	To continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent. To read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes. To accurately read most words of two or more syllables.	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words). To apply their growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to begin to read aloud. To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including ation, -ly, -ous, -ture, - sure, -sion,	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill. To apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/word endings to read aloud fluently.	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues. To apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including -sion, -tion, -cial, - tial, -ant/-ance/-ancy, - ent/- ence/-ency, - able/-ably and - ible/ibly, to read aloud fluently.	To read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings and to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.			

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	1		ncept/ Strand-			1	1
Vocabulary	Letter, sound, grapheme, phoneme, alphabet	Letter, word, singular, plural,	Compound, suffix,	Word family, prefix, consonant, consonant letter, vowel, vowel letter			Synonym, antonym
Sticky Knowledge/ Retrieval	I can say a sound for each letter in the alphabet. I can recognise at least 10 digraphs. I can blend words that have sounds in that I know. I can read simple sentences that contain sounds that I know	To read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll. I can recognise all of the taught graphemes. I can read words containing the graphemes taught. I can blend sounds to read new words using GPCs. I can read words containing the s,es, ing, ed, est endings. I can read I'm, I'll and we'll by sight.	To read most words containing common suffixes. I cand decode longer words. I can recognise alternative sounds for graphemes I've been taught. I can read words of two or more syllables. I can read words containing common suffixes.	-tion, -ssion and -cian, to begin to read aloud. I can decode unfamiliar words quickly. I can recognise and read words with the prefixes in, im, il, ir, dis, mis, un, re, sub, inter, super, anti, auto. I can recognise and read words with the suffixes ation, ly, ous, ture, sure, sion, tion, ssion, cian.	I can read with speed and accuracy. I can quickly and skilfully decode any unfamiliar words. I can read words with prefixes and suffixes fluently.	I can use contextual cues to read with speed and accuracy. I can read words with the prefixes and suffixes sion, tion, cial, tial, ant, ance, ancy, ent, ence, ency, able,ably,ible,ibly,	I can read all of the year 5/6 common exception words I can read words with all taught prefixes and suffixes. I can use contextual cues to read new words.

National Curriculum Objective	To read some common irregular words.	To read Y1 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words.	To read all Y1 and Y2 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	To begin to read Y3/Y4 exception words.	To read all Y3/Y4 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and these occur in the word.	To read most Y5/ Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	To read all Y5/ Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.
Sticky Knowledge/ Retrieval	I can read some common exception words	I can read the year 1 common exception words	I can read the year 2 common exception words	I can read at least half of the year 3/4 common exception words	I can read all of the year 3/4 common exception words	I can read at least half of the year 5/6 common exception words	I can read all of the year 5/6 words.
Vocabulary	Word, letter, sound	Letter, word, singular, plural, sentence, capital letter	Apostrophe, suffix	Word family, prefix			Synonym, antonym
		Substa	antive Concept/	Strand- Fluenc	У		
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
National Curriculum Objective	To read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	To accurately read texts that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge, that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words. To reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	To read aloud books (closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge), sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation. To reread these books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.				

e	FA
V	Ā

							14
Sticky Knowledge/ Retrieval	I can read aloud simple sentences and books.	I can use phonics to accurately read words. I can reread books to build up fluency.	To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending, e.g. at over 90 words per minute, in age- appropriate texts. I can sound out unfamiliar words accurately and automatically. I can reread books to build up fluency. I can read words accurately without overt sounding out.				
Vocabulary	Letter, word, sentences, digraphs, sounds, capital letter	Letter, word, singular, plural, sentence, capital letter	Apostrophe, suffix	Word family, prefix			Antonym, synonym
Subs			, • 		ng and correctin		
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
National curriculum objective	To demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives	To check that a text makes sense to them as they read and to self-correct.	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information				

 $[\]sim$ Aspiring to be the people God created us to be by growing the talents He gave us \sim

e _e	
5.	The second second

							V
	using their own		and vocabulary				
	words and		provided by the				
	recently		teacher.				
	introduced		To check that the				
	vocabulary.		text makes sense				
			to them as they				
			read and to				
			correct inaccurate				
			reading.				
Sticky	I can show I	I can check that	I can understand				
knowledge/retrieval	understand a	a text makes	what I'm reading				
······································	text by retelling	sense as I read	by using				
	it in my own	it.	knowledge and				
	words		words given to				
		I can self-	me by the				
		correct.	teacher.				
			I can check that				
			a text makes				
			sense as I read				
			it.				
			I can self-				
			correct.				
Vocabulary	Retell, sequence,	Correct, self-	accurate				
,	order	correct,					
	Subst	antive concept/	strand- compari	ing, contrasting	and commentin	9	
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
National curriculum	To demonstrate	To listen to and	To participate in	To recognise,	To discuss and	To read a wide	To read for
objective	understanding of	discuss a wide	discussion about	listen to and	compare texts	range of genres,	pleasure,
objective	what has been	range of fiction,	books, poems and	discuss a wide	from a wide	identifying the	discussing,
	read to them by	non-fiction and	other works that	range of fiction,	variety of genres	characteristics of	comparing and
	retelling stories	poetry at a level	are read to them	poetry, plays, non-	and writers.	text types (such as	evaluating in depth
	and narratives	beyond that at	(at a level beyond	fiction and		the use of the first	across a wide
		1	at which they can		1	person in writing	range of genres,

 $[\]sim$ Aspiring to be the people God created us to be by growing the talents He gave us \sim

						A
using their own	which they can	read	reference books	To read for a	diaries and	including myths,
words and	read	independently) and	or textbooks.	range of purposes.	autobiographies)	legends, traditional
recently	independently.	those that they			and differences	stories, modern
introduced		can read for	To use appropriate	To identify themes	between text types.	fiction, fiction
	To link what they	themselves,	terminology when	and conventions in		from our literary
vocabulary.	have read or have	explaining their	discussing texts	a wide range of	To participate in	heritage and books
	read to them to	understanding and	(plot, character,	books.	discussions about	from other
To listen	their own	expressing their	setting).		books that are read	cultures and
attentively and	experiences.	views.		To refer to	to them and those	traditions.
respond to what				authorial style,	they can read for	
they hear with	To retell familiar	To become		overall themes	themselves, building	To recognise more
relevant	stories in	increasingly		(e.g. triumph of	on their own and	complex themes in
questions,	increasing detail.	familiar with and		good over evil) and	others' ideas and	what they read
comments and		to retell a wide		features (e.g.	challenging views	(such as loss or
actions when	To join in with	range of stories,		greeting in letters,	courteously.	heroism).
	discussions about a	fairy stories and		a diary written in		
being read to	text, taking turns	traditional tales.		the first person or	To identify main	To explain and
and during whole	and horoming to			the use of	ideas drawn from	discuss their
class discussions	what others say.	To discuss the		presentational	more than one	understanding of
and small group		sequence of events		devices such as	paragraph and to	what they have
interactions.	To discuss the	in books and how		numbering and	summarise these.	read, including
	significance of	items of		headings).		through formal
To offer	titles and events.	information are		T : 1 .: C 1	To recommend	presentations and
explanations for		related.		To identify how	texts to peers	debates,
why things might		T 16		language, structure	based on personal	maintaining a focus
happen, making		To read for		and presentation	choice.	on the topic and
use of recently		pleasure,		contribute to		using notes where
introduced		discussing,		meaning.		necessary.
		comparing and evaluating in depth		To identify main		T. liakk.
vocabulary from		across a wide		ideas drawn from		To listen to guidance and
stories, non-		range of genres,		more than one		feedback on the
fiction, rhymes		including myths,		paragraph and		quality of their
and poems when		legends, traditional		summarise these.		explanations and
appropriate.		stories, modern				contributions to
		fiction, fiction				discussions and to
To anticipate		from our literary				make
(where		heritage and books				improvements
appropriate) key		from other				when participating
app. 5p. 1415) Ney						in discussions.
	L		1	1		

							A
	events in		cultures and				
	stories.		traditions.				To draw out key
							information and to
			To recognise more				summarise the
			complex themes in				main ideas in a
			what they read				text.
			(such as loss or				
			heroism).				To distinguish
							independently
			To explain and				between '
			discuss their				statements of fact
			understanding of				and opinion,
			what they have				providing reasoned
			read, including				justifications for
			through formal				their views.
			presentations and				
			debates,				To compare
							characters,
							settings and
							themes within a
							text and across
							more than one
							text.
Sticky	I can retell a	I can discus texts	I can discuss a	I can discuss a	I can compare	I can read a wider	I can read for
•	story in my own	That are read to	text that is read	wider range of	texts including	range of genres.	pleasure.
knowledge/retrieval	words using	me,	to me explaining	text types.	genres and writers.		
	some new		my views.			I can discuss books	I can discuss,
		I can link what I		I can use	I can identify	I read challenging	compare and
	vocabulary.	have read to my	I can retell a wider	vocabulary when	themes in a book	other's ideas	evaluate books
		own life.	range of stories.	discussing books.		courteously.	that I have read.
	I can listen to				I can talk about		
	and answer	I can retell	I can discuss how		themes in a book	I can identify ideas	I can recognise
	questions about	familiar stories	events are			from more that one	complex themes in
	a story.	with details.	sequenced.		I can discuss	paragraph	a book.
					presentational		
	I can offer	I can join in	I can discuss how		devices	I can recommend	I can discuss a
	explanations as	discussions, taking	items of			texts to my friends	text through a
	•	it in turns to talk	information are		I can talk about		presentation or a
	to why things	and listen.	linked.		structure, language		debate.
					and presentation		

 $[\]sim$ Aspiring to be the people God created us to be by growing the talents He gave us \sim

							V FI V
	happen using	I can discuss the	I can compare		and how this		I can listen to and
	new vocabulary.	significance of	different books I		contributes to		act on feedback to
	'	titles and events.	read.		meaning		improve my
	I can anticipate						explanations
	events in		I can explain my		To identify ideas		around books.
	stories.		understanding of		from several		
	STOTIES.		what I read.		paragraphs and		I can locate key
					summarise these		information to
							summarise a text.
							I can recognise
							fact and opinion
							and justify my
							idea.
							I can compare
							characters.
							settings and
							themes across
							more than one
							book.
Vocabulary	Title, page,	Events, setting,	Sequence,	Genre, plot,	Theme,		Evaluate, fact,
,	words,	character,			authorial style,		opinion, key
	sentences	information,			text features,		information
		poetry			presentational		
					devices,		
					structure,		
					language,		
		ubstantive conce	pt/strand-words	in context and a	uthorial choice		
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
National	To demonstrate	To discuss word	To discuss and	To check that	Discuss vocabulary	To discuss	To analyse and
curriculum	understanding of	meaning and link	clarify the	the text makes	used to capture	vocabulary used by	evaluate the use of
	what has been	new meanings to	meanings of words,	sense to them,	readers' interest	the author to create	language, including
objective	read to them by	those already	linking new	discussing their	and imagination.	effect including	figurative language
	retelling stories	known.	meanings to known	understanding and		figurative language.	and how it is used
	and narratives		vocabulary.	explaining the			for effect, using
	using their own		,	meaning of words			technical
	asing men own			in context.			terminology such

 $[\]sim$ Aspiring to be the people God created us to be by growing the talents He gave us \sim

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Substantive	concept/strand-	Inference and pr	ediction		
Vocabulary	retell	Word, vocabulary, meaning	phrases	Context, effect	imagination	Figurative language, evaluate, impact	Metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style, effect
Sticky knowledge/retrieval	words and recently introduced vocabulary. To use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play. I can retell a story to show my understanding of events I can use new vocabulary in my retelling	I can discuss the meanings of new words. I can link new words to words I already know.	I can discuss the meanings of new words. I can ask for help with words I don't know. I can discuss my favourite words and phrases.	To discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect. I can discuss new words in context I can suggest why an author has chosen certain words and phrases and say what effect it has on the reader	I can talk about words the author has used to capture imagination	To evaluate the use of authors' language and explain how it has created an impact on the reader. I can discuss figurative language used by the author. I can evaluate the impact that language has upon a reader.	as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect. I can discuss figurative language used by the author. I can evaluate the impact that language has upon a reader.

							14
National	To offer explanations for	To make inferences on the	To make inferences on the	To ask and answer questions	To draw inferences from characters'	To draw inferences from characters'	To consider different accounts
curriculum objective	explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.	inferences on the basis of what is being said and done. To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text. To recite simple poems by heart.	inferences on the basis of what is being said and done. To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text. To continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives. To justify predictions using evidence from the text. To prepare and perform poems and play scripts that show some awareness of the audience when reading aloud. To begin to use appropriate intonation and volume when reading aloud.	feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text. To justify predictions from details stated and implied. To recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse or narrative poetry). To prepare and perform poems and play scripts with appropriate techniques (intonation, tone, volume and action) to show awareness of the audience when reading	from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives. To make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text. To continually show an awareness of audience when reading out loud using intonation, tone, volume and action.	different accounts of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of authors and of fictional characters). To discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues. To confidently perform texts (including poems learnt by heart) using a wide range of devices to engage the audience and for effect.
Sticky knowledge/retrieval	I can explain why I think things happen.	I can make inferences. I can make predictions about	I can recite several poems off by heart with intonation to make the meaning clear	I can ask and answer questions about characters' thoughts, feelings and motives	aloud. I can use evidence from the text to support the inferences I make.	I can use evidence from the text to make detailed inferences and predictions.	I can consider different accounts of the same event and consider

 $[\]sim$ Aspiring to be the people God created us to be by growing the talents He gave us \sim

						V Pl
I can anticipate what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary	what might happen next I can recite a simple poem off by heart		I can justify my prediction using evidence from the text I can perform poems and plays showing an awareness of the audience I can use differing	I can make prediction from implied information in the text. I can recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry.	I can continually show awareness of audience when reading aloud using intonation, tone, volume and action	different view points. I can use a wide range of devices to engage an audience when performing texts
			intonation and volume when			
Explain,	Infer, predict, prediction	intonation	Justify, evidence, audience, intonation, volume	Support, implied, forms	Tone, action	View points, devices, engage
trand-non-fictior	l					
To Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non- fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To use and understand		To recognise that non-fiction books are often structured in different ways.	To retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts.	To use all of the organisational devices available within a nonfiction text to retrieve, record and discuss information. To use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they	To use knowledge of texts and organisation devices to retrieve, record and discuss information from fiction and nonfiction texts.	To retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts. To use non-fiction materials for purposeful information retrieval (e.g. in reading history, geography and science
	what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary Explain, trand-non-fiction To Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To use and	what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary Explain, Infer, predict, prediction To Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To use and	what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary I can recite a simple poem off by heart	what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can perform poems and plays showing an awareness of the audience I can use differing intonation and volume when reading aloud Explain, Infer, predict, prediction I can perform poems off by heart I can use differing intonation and volume when reading aloud Justify, evidence, audience, intonation, volume trand-non-fiction To Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To use and	what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can perform poems and plays showing an awareness of the audience I can use differing intonation and volume when reading aloud Explain, Infer, predict, predict, prediction To Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To use and	what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can recite a simple poem off by heart I can perform poems and plays showing an awareness of the audience I can use differing intonation and volume when reading aloud Volume when reading aloud I can use differing intonation and volume when reading aloud To Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, son-stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. To use and

 $[\]sim$ Aspiring to be the people God created us to be by growing the talents He gave us \sim

		 				IA V
	introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.					in contexts where pupils are genuinely motivated to find out information (e.g. reading information leaflets before a gallery or museum visit or reading a theatre programme or review).
Sticky knowledge/retrieval	I can explain why I think things happen. I can anticipate what might happen next in stories using new vocabulary	I can talk about how non-fiction books are structured in different ways	I can retrieve information from non-fiction books	I can use organisational devices to find information. I can use a dictionary to find the meaning of new words.	I can retrieve information from non-fiction books and discuss my findings	I can retrieve information from non-fiction books I can use non-fiction books to aid my research in lessons
vocabulary	explain	Non-fiction, glossary, index, headings, sub- headings, alphabetical order, information	Non-fiction, glossary, index, headings, sub- headings, alphabetical order, information, retrieve			